



## COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name

Fundamentals of integrated building design [S1BZ1E>PZPB]

### Course

Field of study	Year/Semester
Sustainable Building Engineering	3/5
Area of study (specialization)	Profile of study
–	general academic
Level of study	Course offered in
first-cycle	English
Form of study	Requirements
full-time	compulsory

### Number of hours

Lecture	Laboratory classes	Other
15	30	0
Tutorials	Projects/seminars	
0	0	

### Number of credit points

3,00

### Coordinators

dr hab. inż. Łukasz Amanowicz prof. PP  
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### Lecturers

### Prerequisites

The student should have knowledge of: basics of architectural design, building physics, sustainable construction, information technology, numerical methods as well as skills in using Microsoft Excel computer programs, Trimble SketchUp and using the VBA programming language. The student should have the following social competences: responsibility for decisions, ability to work in a group, fulfilling the assigned tasks.

### Course objective

Acquiring by the student knowledge and basic skills in the field of integrated design of comfortable buildings, environmentally friendly, energy-efficient and economically optimal. Acquiring by the student knowledge and basic skills in the field of energy simulation of buildings.

### Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge:

1. Students have basic knowledge of the methods for shaping building components with respect of heat, moisture, leakproofness, foundation in soil of heat and sanitary networks.
2. Student know the rules of constructing and analysing civil engineering, low-energy, passive and

sustainable, industrial, road, bridge, and railroad units.

3. Students have basic knowledge of operation algorithms of selected software (including the usage of BIM technology), supporting the calculation and design of constructions, construction work organisation, cost estimation, technical fitting of buildings; basic knowledge of operation algorithms of software dedicated for evaluation and design of energy-saving buildings.

4. Students have know basic methods, techniques, tools and materials applied to solve simple engineering tasks in the field of environmental engineering.

**Skills:**

1. Students are able to use advanced information and communication technologies (ICT) appropriate to perform typical engineering tasks.

2. Students when formulating and solving problems in sustainable building engineering, they can notice their systemic and non-technical aspects.

3. Students are able to correctly utilise numerical, analytical, simulation, and experimental methods, to identify and solve problems in sustainable building engineering; to obtain and verify the results.

4. Students are able to carry out both chemical and biological experiments, including measurements and computer simulation, in the field of: quality assessment of building and installation materials, simple engineering constructions, systems of technical fitting of buildings, external infrastructure, elements and systems applied in the built environment engineering, thermal comfort and air quality; can clearly present and interpret the obtained results and draw conclusions.

5. Students can utilize selected software supporting design decisions in sustainable building engineering, including programs based on the BIM technology; are able to critically evaluate the obtained results of numerical analysis of building unit.

**Social competences:**

1. Students are able to adapt to new and changing circumstances, can define priorities for performing tasks defined by themselves and other people, acting in the public interest and with regard to the purposes of sustainable development.

2. Students take responsibility for the accuracy and reliability of working results and their interpretation.

3. Students are ready to autonomously complete and broaden knowledge in the field of modern processes and technologies of building engineering.

4. Students are able to critically evaluate the results of their own work.

### Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Lecture - written or oral exam covering the scope of issues presented during the lecture - open and closed questions

Seminars - the report is evaluated or the presentation on the given issue is evaluated, together with oral or written defense.

Marks:

50-60% - 3.0

60-70% - 3.5

70-80% - 4.0

80-90% - 4.5

Od 90% - 5.0

### Programme content

1) Lecture

Integrated building design: introduction

Contemporary building as a set of interdependent systems

Heat recovery technologies in buildings

Air tightness and ventilation in integrated design

BIM as a tool in the design of integrated buildings

The importance of HVAC system efficiency for a building

Including building use in integrated design

Humanistic aspects of building design

Energy simulations of buildings: the basics of numerical modeling, examples

Methods for assessing energy and economic efficiency  
Examples of integrated projection implementation  
Review of simulation tools supporting integrated design  
2) Seminars  
Numerical analysis of a building partition  
Simplified thermal model of the building (concentrated heat capacity method)  
Analysis of ventilation needs in buildings (moisture and pollution removal, CO2 balance)  
Thermal modeling and daylight illumination of the building in TRNSYS program  
The importance of heat recovery for building efficiency  
The role of ventilation and air tightness of the building  
Interaction between the structure and technical equipment of the building  
CFD in integrated design  
Energy / economic efficiency assessment

## Course topics

none

## Teaching methods

1. Lecture: multimedia presentation, illustrated with examples on the board (Informative lecture, Problem lecture, Conversational lecture)
2. Seminars: multimedia presentation, illustrated with examples on the board, combined with discussion and solving cognitive tasks

## Bibliography

Basic

1. Górka A., Bandurski K., Szczechowiak E.: Budynki efektywne energetycznie - zintegrowane metody symulacji i projektowania; Innowacyjne wyzwania techniki budowlanej : 63 Konferencja Naukowa Komitetu Inżynierii Lądowej i Wodnej PAN oraz Komitetu Nauki PZITB, Krynica 2017
2. Skrzypek J., Górka A., Oprogramowanie do modelowania energetycznego budynków, Rynek Instalacyjny, t. 3, s. 73-79, 2016
3. Hausladen, Liedl, de Saldanha, Building to Suit the climate. A Handbook, 2012
4. Gonzalo, Vallentin, Passive House Design, 2014
5. Richarz, Schulz, Zeitler, Energy-Efficiency Upgrades, 2007
6. Serwis internetowy Whole Building Design Guide - <http://www.wbdg.org/>
7. Paul Appleby: Integrated Sustainable Design of Buildings. Wyd. Earthscan Publ. 2010
8. Architects Guide to Integrating Energy Modeling in the Design Process - <http://aiad8.prod.acquia-sites.com/sites/default/files/2016-04/Energy-Modeling-Design-Process-Guide.pdf>
9. Hensen J. L. M., I Lamberts R., Building Performance Simulation for Design and Operation. New York: Spon Press, 2011.
10. Passive House Institute, PHPP 9 - the energy balance and Passive House planning tool, 2015 [http://passivehouse.com/04\\_phpp/04\\_phpp.htm](http://passivehouse.com/04_phpp/04_phpp.htm)
11. Piasecki M., Zrównoważone budownictwo - proces projektowania zintegrowanego, Rynek Instalacyjny 10/2014

Additional

1. Dyrektywa Parlamentu Europejskiego i Rady 2014/24/UE z dnia 26 lutego 2014 r. w sprawie zamówień publicznych, uchylająca dyrektywę 2004/18/WE (DzU UE L 94/65)
2. Anger A., Lisowski B., Piwkowski W., Wierzowiecki P.: Ogólne założenia procesu wdrażania BIM w realizacji zamówień publicznych na roboty budowlane w Polsce. "Przegląd Budowlany", nr 10/2015
3. KPMG Advisory: BIM - Ekspertyza dotycząca możliwości wdrożenia metodyki BIM w Polsce, 2016
4. Clarke J. A., Energy Simulation in Building Design, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2001
5. Harish V. S. K. V., I Kumar A., A review on modeling and simulation of building energy systems, Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, t. 56, s. 1272-1292, 2016
6. IBPSA-USA, Building Energy Software Tools Directory <http://www.buildingenergysoftwaretools.com/>
7. Neymark J., Judkoff R., Knabe G., Le H.-T., Dürig M., Glass A., I Zweifel G., Applying the building energy simulation test (BESTEST) diagnostic method to verification of space conditioning equipment models used in whole-building energy simulation programs, Energy and Buildings, t. 34, nr 9, s. 917-931, 2002
8. Nasyrov V., Stratbücker S., Ritter F., Borrmann A., Hua S., I Lindauer M., Building information models as input for building energy performance simulation - the current state of industrial implementations,

### Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	120	4,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	60	2,00
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	60	2,00